SAFETY DATA SHEET



Sunbrite Stripper

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Sunbrite Stripper

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details

: Betco Corporation 1001 Brown Avenue

Toledo, OH 43607 www.betco.com 888-462-3826

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: Chemtrec 800-424-9300 (24 Hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Product code

: 104 SA

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|--|---|
| sodium hydroxide 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether 2-aminoethanol Sillcic acid, sodium salt Fatty acids, tall-oil, sodium salts sodium xylenesulphonate | ≥3 - <5 ≥3 - <5 ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3 | 1310-73-2 111-76-2 141-43-5 1344-09-8 61790-45-2 1300-72-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in

Section 4. First aid measures

recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment,

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known,

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| sodium hydroxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | C: 2 mg/m³ |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | CEIL: 2 mg/m³ |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | CEIL: 2 mg/m³ |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| Ç. | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 2-aminoethanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 7.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

: Liquid.

Color

: Red.

Odor

: Characteristic.

Odor threshold

: Not available.

рН

NUL AVAIIADI

μπ

: 13 to 13.9

Melting point

: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point

; Not available.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 250°C (482°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Evaporation rate

: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Not available.

Relative density

: 1.075

Solubility

: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.
: Not available.

Decomposition temperature Viscosity

: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 450 ppm | 4 hours |
| giyeat monobacyr ether | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 220 mg/kg | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 250 mg/kg | - |
| 2-aminoethanol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1720 mg/kg | - |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1960 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|-------------|
| sodium hydroxide | Eyes - Severe irritant | Monkey | - | 24 hours 1 | - |
| | 1 | - | · | Percent | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | ļ - " | 400 | - |
| | | } | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 | - |
| | 1 | | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe Irritant | Rabbit | - | 1 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes 1 | - |
| | 1 | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | _ | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | Percent | |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | *** | 24 hours 100 | - |
| glycol monobutyl ether | 1 | | | milligrams | 1 |
| 3,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 | ~ |
| | ' | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | | 500 | _ |
| | | | | milligrams | . 1 |
| 2-aminoethanol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 250 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | ~ | 505 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | n | 24 hours 10 | - |
| 1 | ' | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Severe Irritant | Rabbit | H | 24 hours 500 | - |
| { | 1 | | | milligrams | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| 11/1/2011 | | | |
|--|------|------|-----|
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 1 | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| sodium xylenesulphonate | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

: Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: skin lesion/eczema skin rash or hives conjunctivitis cornea dehydration pain coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties nausea or vomiting

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | Route | ATE value |
|---|--------|---|
| - | Dermal | 5144 mg/kg 28061.2 mg/kg 280.6 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| sodium hydroxide | Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 56 mg/l Marine water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Young | 96 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| • | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| 2-aminoethanol | Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 150 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Yolk-sac fry | 96 hours |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 494000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential | |
|--|----------------|--------------|------------|--|
| 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 0.81 | - | low | |
| 2-aminoethanol sodium xylenesulphonate | -1.31 -3.12 | <u>-</u> | low low | |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| UN number | 1760 | 1760 | 1760 | 1760 | 1760 | 1760 |
| UN proper shipping name | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Packing group | [1] | 11 | 1) | 11 | 11 | [] |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | Yes. | No. |
| Additional information | Reportable quantity 23737.2 lbs / 10776.7 kg [2648.3 gal / 10024.8 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. | Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 | | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (E) | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

| Sunbrite Stripp | per | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Section | n 14. Transport inf | ormation | | |
| | Limited quantity Yes. | | | |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: benzaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption; Not determined

All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide; sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Clean Air Act Section 112

; Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Glean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA-304 RQ

; Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| sodium hydroxide 2-Butoxyethanol; Ethylene glycol | ≥3 - <5 ≥3 - <5 | No. No. | No. No. | No. No. | Yes. Yes, | No. No. |
| monobutyl ether 2-aminoethanol | ≥1 - <3 | Yes. | No. | No. | Yes, | No. |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt Fatty acids, tall-oil, sodium salts sodium xylenesulphonate | ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3 | No. No. | No. No. No. | No. No. No. | Yes. Yes. Yes. | No. No. No. |

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

| | Product name | CA\$ number | % |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | 2-butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | ≥3 - <5 |
| Supplier notification | 2-butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | ≥3 - <5 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: ETHANOLAMINE; Sodium Hydroxide Solution;

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

New York

: The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: ETHANOLAMINE; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; Sodium

Hydroxide Solution; 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; Sodium Hydroxide Solution;

ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Australia

: All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

: All components are listed or exempted.

China

: All components are listed or exempted.

Europe Japan : All components are listed or exempted.: All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia

: Not determined.

New Zealand

: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines

: All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea

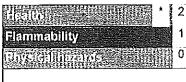
: All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program, HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|----------------|---|
| | On basis of test data On basis of test data |

History

Date of printing

: 4/22/2015.

Date of issue/Date of

: 4/22/2015.

revision

: No previous validation,

Date of previous issue Version

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision

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Version :1

14/15

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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